



/// Plug-in industrial relay with 4 C/O contacts

Rugged plug-in relays for extreme reliability, within long endurance applications and harsh environments

D Instantaneous relay Part of D-platform



Description

Plug-in industrial power relay with 4 change-over contacts. Standard equipped with a LED indicator and back EMF suppression diode (for DC voltages). Optionally magnetic arc blow-out, double make/double break contacts and increased contact gap for high breaking capacity and long contact life.

Proven reliable operation in switching high DC voltage / inductive loads and low currents. No external retaining clip needed as integrated 'snap-lock' will hold relay into socket under all circumstances and mounting directions. The construction of the relay and choice of materials makes the D-relay suitable to withstand corrosive atmospheres, low and high temperatures, shock & vibrating and dry to very humid environments.

Compact design, choice of many options and a wide range of sockets makes the D-relay an easy and flexible solution to use.

Application

Demanding industrial applications such as power utilities and petrochemical industries. Designed for extreme reliability, within long endurance applications and harsh environments.

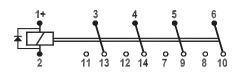
With the highly reliable D-relays applications with SIL levels can be achieved.

Features

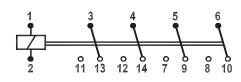
- Instantaneous compact plug-in relay, 4 C/O contacts
- LED indicator
- Integrated back EMF suppression diode (DC versions)
- Coil voltages 6 to 250 VDC, 6-400 VAC
- High DC breaking capacity
- Maximum continuous current 10 A
- Maximum switching voltage 250 VDC, 440 VAC
- Minimum switching current 10 mA (optional 1 mA)
- Mechanical life 50 million operations (DC versions)
- Solve-All relay application concept
- Transparent cover for easy visual inspection
- Integrated snap-lock, no external retaining clip needed
- Wide range of sockets for panel, rack or 35 mm rail
- Flexibility with many options
- · Optional positive mechanical keying relay to socket

Connection diagram

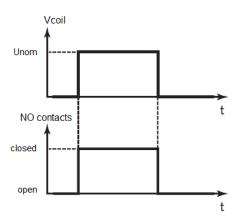
DC-version



AC-version



Timing diagram



Compliancy

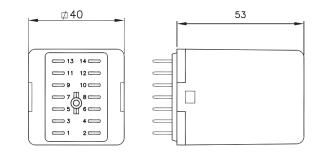
IEC 61810 IEC 60947 IEC 60947-5 IEC 60255



Options

- Magnetic arc blow-out
- Low temperature
- Gold plated contacts
- Special dust protection
- Double zener diode
- Wider operating range and ambient temperature
- Weld-no-transfer contacts
- Double make/double break contacts
- No surge protection diode and no LED
- Mechanical trip indicator
- High burden protection
- AgSnO2 contacts
- Polarizing diode
- Fast switching contacts, 4 C/O contacts
- Mechanical on/off position indicator
- Push-to-test button
- Bipolar LED
- Rectifier bridge
- Reversed polarity of coil contacts
- Make before break contacts
- Contact gap of 2 mm

Dimensions (mm)



Solve-All relay application concept

The unique D relay with all its options has been designed in close cooperation with customers from the power utility industry.

The Solve-All relay application concept offers ultimate flexibility to design and supply tailor made D relays

Sockets		Mounting				
		Surface / Wall	35 mm rail	Panel / Flush	PCB	
L	Screw	V23	V23	-	-	
Terminal connection	Screw - wide terminals	V22BR	V22BR	-	-	
	Spring clamp V29		V29	V33	-	
	Faston	on -		V31	-	
	Crimp	-	-	V26	-	
	Solder tag	-	-	V3	-	
μ	PCB	-	-	-	V32	

For more information see the respective datasheets





Coil characteristics DC versions

Technical specifications

Operating times at nominal voltage (typical):	
Pull-in time	≤ 20 ms
Release time	≤ 18 ms
Bounce time N/O contacts	≤ 4 ms
Bounce time N/C contacts	≤ 8 ms
Inductance L/R at Unom (typical)	
Energized	11 ms
Released	8 ms
Nominal power consumption	2 W at Unom
Operating voltage range	0.8 - 1.1 Unom

Туре	Unom (VDC)	Umin (VDC)	Umax (VDC)	Udrop-out (VDC)	R _{coil} *(Ω)
6 VDC	6	4.8	6.6	0.6	20
12 VDC	12	9.6	13.2	1.2	72
24 VDC	24	19.2	26.4	2.4	280
30-32 VDC	30-32	24	35.2	3	501
48 VDC	48	38.4	52.8	4.8	1124
60 VDC	60	48.0	66	6	1790
72 VDC	72	57.6	79.2	7.2	3238
100 VDC	100	80	110	10	5500
110 VDC	110	88	121	11	6278
120-125 VDC	120-125	96	137.5	12	8054
220 VDC	220	176	242	22	26422
250 VDC	250	200	275	25	33000

Other types on request * The Rcoil is measured at room temperature and has a tolerance of \pm 10%

Remarks:

Umin is the must-operate voltage at which the relay has picked up in all circumstances (worst case situation), in practice the relay picks up at a lower voltage Udrop-out is the must-release voltage at which the relay has dropped-out in all circumstances (worst case situation), in practice the relay drops out at a higher voltage

Always select the nominal voltage as close as possible to the actual voltage in the application



Coil characteristics AC versions

Operating times at nominal voltage (typical):	
Pull-in time	≤ 10 ms
Release time	≤ 5 ms
Bounce time N/O contacts	≤ 4 ms
Bounce time N/C contacts	≤ 8 ms
Nominal power consumption	2 VA at Unom
Operating voltage range	0.8 - 1.1 Unom

Туре	Unom (VAC)	Umin (VAC)	Umax (VAC)	Udrop-out (VAC)	R _{coil} *(Ω)
6 V 50 Hz	6	4.8	6.6	1.8	3
24 V 50 Hz	24	19.2	26.4	7.2	44
24 V 60 Hz	24	19.2	26.4	7.2	34
42 V 50 Hz	42	33.6	46.2	12.6	133
42 V 60 Hz	42	33.6	46.2	12.6	94
60 V 50 Hz	60	48	66	18	280
110-115 V 50 Hz	110-115	88	126.5	33	1124
110-115 V 60 Hz	110-115	88	126.5	33	736
120-127 V 60 Hz	120	96	132	36	830
127 V 50 Hz	127	101.6	139.7	38.1	1300
220-230 V 50 Hz	220-230	176	253	66	4400
220 V 60 Hz	220	176	242	66	2953
230-240 V 50 Hz	230-240	184	264	69	3300
230-240 V 60 Hz	230-240	184	264	69	4800
380-400 V 50 Hz	380-400	304	440	114	12500
380 V 60 Hz	380	304	418	114	5500

Other types on request * The Rcoil is measured at room temperature and has a tolerance of \pm 10%

Remarks:

Umin is the must-operate voltage at which the relay has picked up in all circumstances (worst case situation), in practice the relay picks up at a lower voltage Udrop-out is the must-release voltage at which the relay has dropped-out in all circumstances (worst case situation), in practice the relay drops out at a higher voltage Always select the nominal voltage as close as possible to the actual voltage in the application .



Contact characteristics

Amount and type of contacts	4	C/O	
Peak inrush current (make and carry) NF F62-002		200 A for 10 ms 40 A for 0.5 s	
	3	30 A for 1 s	
Maximum continuous current	1	0 A	
Maximum switching voltage	2	250 VDC, 440 VAC	
Minimum switching voltage	1	2 V (5 V with option E)	
Minimum switching current	1	0 mA (1 mA with option E)	
Material	A	Ag standard (optional AgSnO ₂ , Au on Ag)	
Contact gap	0	0.7 mm (up to 4 mm for YX5 option)	
Contact force	>	• 200 mN	
Contact resistance	<	:15 mΩ (initial)	

Electrical characteristics

Dielectric strength	Pole-pole	4 kV, 50 Hz, 1 min
	Cont-coil	2.5 kV, 50 Hz, 1 min
	Open contacts	2.5 kV; 50 Hz; 1 min
Pulse withstanding	IEC 60255-5	5 kV (1.2/50 μs)

Mechanical characteristics

Mechanical life	DC: 50 million AC: 10 million
Maximum switching frequency	Mechanical: 3600 ops/h Electrical: 1200 ops/h
Weight	125 g (without options)

Environmental characteristics

Environmental	IEC 61810
Vibration	IEC 61373, Category I, Class B, Body mounted
Shock	IEC 61373, Category I, Class B, Body mounted
Operating temperature	-25 °C+55 °C (with option C and option Y: -50 °C) -25 °C+70 °C (with option V)
Humidity	95% (condensation is permitted temporarily)
Salt mist	IEC 60068-2-11, NaCi, 35 °C for 4 days
Damp heat	IEC 60068-2-30, Test method Db variant 1
Protection	IEC 60529, IP40 (relay on socket) (with option K: IP50)
Insulation materials	Cover: polycarbonate Base: polyester

Industry compliancy

IEC 61810	Electromechanical elementary relays
IEC 60947	Low voltage switch gear and control gear
IEC 60947-5-1	Electromechanical control circuit devices and switching elements
IEC 60255	Relay design and environmental conditions
CE	



Options

Available options for D-relay according the Solve-All relay application concept

Code	Description	Remark	Can not be combined with
Standard option	ons		
В	Magnetic arc blow-out. Ensures a high DC breaking capacity and longer contact life.		
С	Lower temperature (-50 °C).	Max contact current 8A	
D	Protection against back EMF. When a coil is switched off, a large Back EMF ap- pears across the coil. This back EMF may be several hundred volts in value, enough to destroy a transistor.	Diode standard in DC coil (not necessary to add code D to product code)	
E	Gold plated contacts. Low contact resistance and good resistance against co loads. Gold plated contacts characteristics: Material Ag, gold plated Max. switching voltage 60 V (higher voltages may be p Max. switching current 400 mA (at higher rate gold will o minimum 10 mA and 12 V is va Min. switching current 1 mA	possible, contact Mors Smitt for more info) evaporate, then the standard silver contact rating of	М
К	Extra dust protection. Cover sealed with sealant.	IP50 Cat 2 for the relays mounted in a Mors Smitt socket. Application PD1/PD2 and contact load > 0.5 A.	т
L	LED integrated in coil.	Standard (not necessary to add code L to product code).	A, R4, X2
Q	Double zener diode. Coil protection against transient voltage.	DC coil only. Max. allowed peak voltage: 180 V. Higher voltage will damage the diode.	
V	Wider operating range and ambient temperature. Operating range: 0.7 1.25 Unom Ambient temperature: -25 °C+70 °C	Power consumption 2.22 W @ U _{nom} Operating range AC can differ	R4, X5
W	Weld-no-transfer according EN 50205. Non welding contacts for safety critical applications 1 N/C / 3 N/O or 2 N/C / 2 N/O or 3 N/C / 1 N/O.	Option W and Y*	A, R4, S, T, X4, X5, 11
Y	Double break / double make contacts. Breaking capacity increased by 50% and longer con- tact life. To increase the breaking capacity and contact life more this option can be combined with option B and X5.	2 C/O DM/DB contacts, -50 °C	
Z	No diode and no LED.	Polarity independent	R4
Special option	IS:		1
А	Mechanical trip indicator (manually resetable). Indicates if the relay has been energized.		K, L, R4, W
Н	High burden protection. Provides immunity to capacitance discharge currents & power. Suitable for application in high security circuit breaker tripping circuits.	Thermistor (PTC) Height relay: 76 mm	A, R4, S, T
М	AgSnO ₂ contacts. Highly resistant to welding, for safety and vital applications.	Min. contact current 100 mA.	E
Р	Polarisation diode. Protection against reversed polarity.		
R4	Faster switching contacts, pull in time < 7 ms. For reduction of total switching time in critical circuits. Suitable for energy controlling systems. No normally open contact will make below 60 % Unom. Input voltage must be a rising edge with - minimum slew rate: 1 V/ms - minimum time: 10 ms	DC coil only. 4 C/O contacts. Integrated polarization and protection diode (option D and P). Mechanical life: 1 million operations.	A, H, L, S, V, W, X, X2, X3, X4, X5, Z, 11



Code	Description	Remark	Can not be combined with
S	Mechanical on/off position indicator. (following the contacts) Indicates visual the position of the contacts.		R4, T, W
Т	'Push to Test' button. To operate the contact manually.		S, K, W
x	Bidirectional LED.	Only for DC and in combination with option Z. ZX: no diode, with bidirectional LED	R4
X2	Universal AC/DC coil because of rectifier circuit.		L, R4
X3	Reversed polarity of coil contacts. Contact 1 = negative (-) and contact 2 = positive (+)		R4
X4	Make before break contacts. Contacts 5-7 and 6-8 will make before contacts 3-13 and 4-14 will break. During release, the contacts 3-13 and 4-14 will make before contacts 5-7 and 6-8 will break.	2 N/O and 2 N/C contacts	R4, W
X5	Contact gap of 2 mm. Higher DC breaking capacity and longer contact life. To increase the breaking capacity and contact life more this option can be combined with option B and Y.	2 N/O and 2 N/C contacts	R4, V, W
11	Make before break contacts. Contact 4-12 will make before contact 3-13 will break during pull-in. During release, contact 3-13 will make before contact 4-12 will break. Contact 5-7/9 is a normal change over contact.	1 C/O 1 N/O and 1 N/C contacts	R4, W

* Option W and Y:

- W013 Weld no transfer, 1 N/C 3 N/O W022
- (option Y: YW012: N/C 3-13, N/O 5-7, N/O** 8-12) (option Y: YW011: N/C** 13-14, N/O** 7-8) (option Y: YW021: N/C 3-13, N/O 5-7, N/C** 10-14)
- Weld no transfer, 2 N/C 2 N/O Weld no transfer, 3 N/C 1 N/O W031
- **double make /double break



Electrical life expectancy and breaking capacity

The life expectancy values shown below are based on factory tests (test frequency at 1/3 Hz). These values could be different in real life applications as environmental conditions, switching frequencies and duty cycles will influence these values. Putting more contacts in series (Y) will increase breaking capacity and life expectancy significantly.

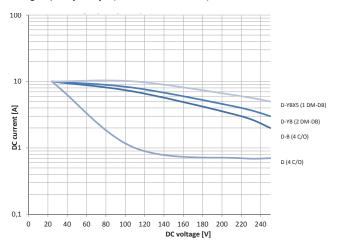
DC Current breaking capacity at L/R = 0

4

24

Amps

Breaking capacity relays (Resistive load DC1)



AC and DC current breaking capacity versus life expectancy in millions of cycles for D-B. Rate of contacts opening and closing = 1200 operations per hour.

Curve 1 2 3 4 Curve 1 2 3 VDC 220 125 48 100.0 100.00 Millions of cycles Millions of cycles 10.0 10.0 1.00 1.00 0.10-0.10 0.1 0.1 10 Amps

AC Current breaking capacity at $\cos \varphi = 1$

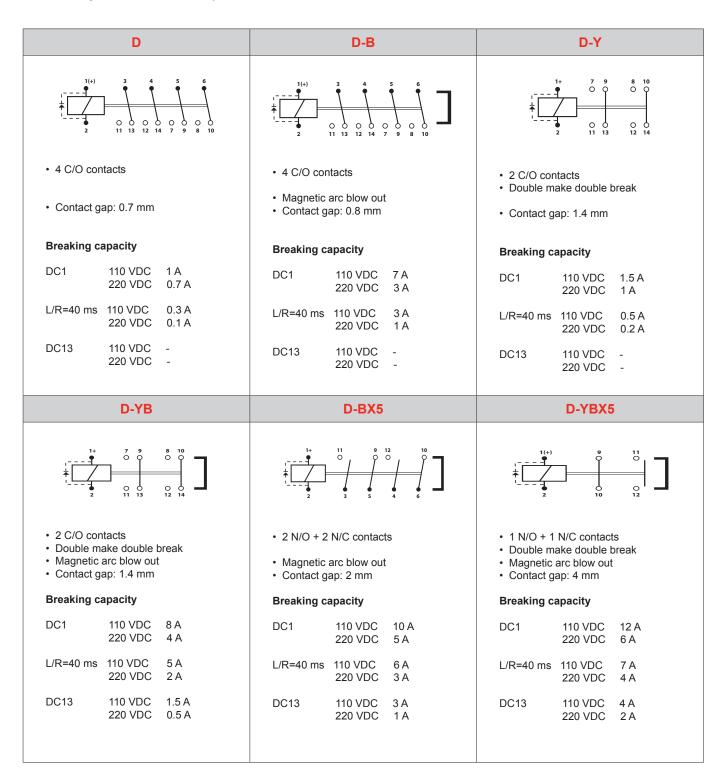
By connecting 2 contacts in series, the DC current breaking capacity is increased by 50%.

VAC 220 125 48 24
VAC 220 125 46 24





In this section the most common breaking capacity for DC-voltage / inductive load possibilities are presented with the different options and contact configurations within the D-relays series.





Mounting possibilities/sockets

Va	V22EP			V26
V3	V22BR	V23	V23BR	V26
		TELETIC TELETIC		
V29	V31	V32	V33	

Surface/wall mounting

338000302	V22BR Screw socket, wall mount, front connection (9 mm terminals)		
338000580	V23	Screw socket, wall mount, front connection (7.5 mm terminals)	
338000610	V29	Spring clamp socket, wall mount, front dual connection (2.5 mm ²)	

Rail mounting

338000580	V23 Screw socket, rail mount, front connection (7.5 mm terminals)			
338000402	V23BR	Screw socket, rail mount, front connection (9 mm terminals)		
338000610	V29	Spring clamp socket, rail mount, front dual connection (2.5 mm ²)		

Panel/flush mounting

338100100	V3	Solder tag socket, panel mount, rear connection		
328400100	V26	Crimp contact socket, panel mount, rear connection, A260 crimp contact		
338000560	V31	Faston connection socket, rear dual connection (4.8 x 0.8 mm)		
338000570	V33	Spring clamp socket, flush mount, rear dual connection (2.5 mm ²)		

PCB mounting		
338000561	V32	PCB soldering socket

No external retaining clip needed as the 'snap-lock' will hold the relay into the socket under all circumstances and mounting directions (according shock & vibration requirements IEC 61373, Category I, Class B, Body mounted). If regulations require external retaining clips, these are available as well.

For more details see datasheets of the sockets on www.morssmitt.com





Mechanical keying relay and socket (optional)





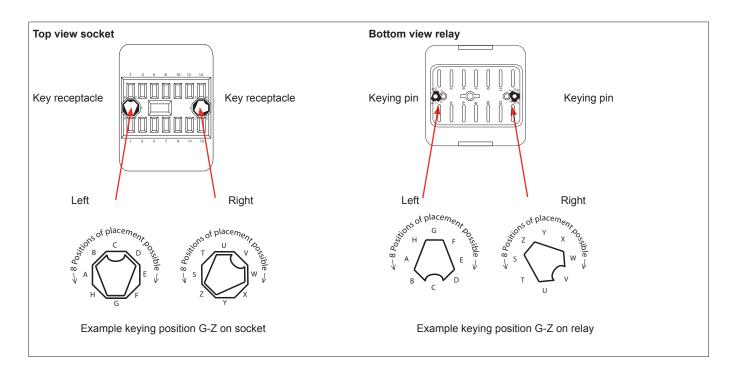
Function:

- To prevent wrong installation
- To prevent damage to equipment
- To prevent unsafe situations

Using keyed relays and sockets prevents a relay is inserted in a wrong socket. For example it prevents that a 24 VDC relay is put in a 110 VDC circuit. Positive discrimination is possible per different function, coil voltage, timing, monitoring, safety and non-safety.

The D relay socket keying option gives $8 \times 8 = 64$ possibilities. Upon ordering the customer simply indicates the need for the optional keying. Mors Smitt will assign a code to the relay and fix the pins into the relay. The sockets are supplied with loose key receptacles. Inserting the keys into the socket is very simple and self explaining.

Remark: Sockets and relay shown are examples.





Important for relay selection and operation

Make sure the relay is suitable for the application. For critical applications (for example: green loop applications) relays should be checked on correct working during periodic inspection.

Recommendations for long time contact reliability

For relays to enable failure free performance over a very long operational time, it is important to create the right circumstances. In any relay, contact usage and atmospheric conditions influence the contact surface. To counter this effect it is common practice to use a safety factor of > 2 to ensure long time contact reliability.

Therefore for long time contact reliability we recommend:

- Silver contacts: a minimum contact current of 20 mA per contact
- Gold contacts: a minimum contact current of 10 mA per contact
- Double Make Double Break contacts: a minimum contact current of 40 mA per contact
- When low currents are switched and not frequently, e.g. 10 mA once a day, it is advised next to gold plated contacts to put similar contacts within the same relay in parallel
- With higher load switching, e.g. 110 VDC and > 1 A, put relay contacts in series
- Rule of thumb: any relay works best with switching currents > 20 mA in DC environment when frequently switched. When not switched
 frequently a higher switching current like 50 mA is better for a long reliable operational time
- · Check relays regularly, for example with the Mors Smitt Portable Relay Tester and visually through the transparent cover

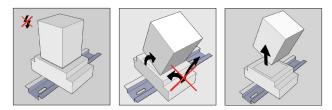
Instructions for use

Installation

Before installation or working on the relay: disconnect the power supply first (no hot swapping)! Install socket and connect wiring according to the terminal identification. Plug relay into the socket ensuring there is no gap between the bottom of relay and the socket. Reverse installation into the socket is not possible due to the mechanical blocking snap-lock feature. Check to ensure that the coil connection polarity is not reversed. Relays can be mounted tightly together to save space. When rail mounting is used, always mount the socket in the direction of the UP arrow, to have proper fixation of the socket on the rail.

Warning!

- Never use silicon in the proximity of the relays
- · Do not use the relay in the presense of flammable gas as the arc generated from switching could cause ignition
- · To remove relays from the socket, employ up and down lever movements. Sideway movement may cause damage to the coil wires



Relays should never be swapped to other circuit positions when taken out of its socket for inspection or fault finding, always place it back into the original position to prevent contact resistance problems. Contact resistance problems can be created when swapping relays between different circuit loads due the contact wear/condition having changed during its operational life.

Operation

After installation always apply the rated voltage to the coil to check correct operation. Long term storage may corrode the silver on the relay pins. When plugging the relay into the socket, the female bifurcated or trifurcated receivers will automatically cut through the corrosion on the pins and guarantee a reliable connection.

Before actual use of relays, it is advised to switch the load several times with the contacts. The contacts will both be electrically and mechanically cleaned due to the positive wiping action. Sometimes a contact can build up increased contact resistance ($\leq 15 \text{ m}\Omega$ when new). When using silver contacts one can clean the contact by switching a contact load a few times using >24 VDC & ~ 2A. Increased contact resistance is not always problematic, as it depends on circuit conditions. In general a contact resistance of 1 Ω is no problem, consult Mors Smitt for more information.

Condensation in the relay is possible when the coil is energised (warm) and the outside, environmental temperature is cold. This is a normal phenomenon and will not affect the function of the relay. Materials in the relay have no hygroscopic properties.



Inspection / maintenance

Correct operation of the relay can easily be checked as the transparent cover provides good visibility of the moving contacts. If the relay does not seem to operate correctly, check for presence of the appropriate coil voltage and polarity using a suitable multimeter. If a LED is fitted, it indicates voltage presence to the coil. If coil voltage is present, but the relay does not operate, a short circuit of the suppression diode is possible (This may have been reversed due to the coil connection).

Relays can easily be tested with the Mors Smitt Relay Tester. More information on: www.morssmitt.com.

If the relay doesn't work after inspection, replace the relay unit with a similar model. Do not attempt to open the relay cover or try to repair. Contacts are calibrated and in balance, touching can affect proper operation. Also resoldering may affect correct operation. Since 2009 relays have tamper proof seals fitted and once broken, warranty is void.

Most relay defects are caused by installation faults such as overvoltage, spikes/transients, high/short current far exceeding the relay specifications. When returning the relays for investigation, please provide all information on the RMA form. Send defective relays back to the manufacturer for repair or replacement. Normal wear and tear or external causes are excluded from warranty.

RMA procedure see www.morssmitt.com



Ordering scheme

D-		Code			
					Cannot be combined with
Options	B		Magnetic arc t	alow-out	combined with
(add as many options as needed)	C		-	ure (-50 °C) - Max contact current 8 A	
	D			de (standard in DC coil)	
	E		Gold plated co		Μ
	K		Extra dust pro		Т
	L		LED coil indica		A, R4, X2
	Q		Double zener		
	V			on range and ambient temperature	R4, X5
	W013			fer, 1 NC / 3 NO (see datasheet D-W)	,
	W022			fer, 2 NC / 2 NO (see datasheet D-W)	A, R4, S, T, X4, X5, 1
	W031			Weld no transfer, 3 NC / 1 NO (see datasheet D-W)	
	Y			Double make/ double break (-50 °C)	
	Z		No diode		
Special options					R4
(minimum order quantity: 20)	Α		Trip indicator	Trip indicator	
	Н			High burden protection	
	M			AgSnO ₂ contacts, highly resistant to welding	
	Р			Polarisation diode	
	R4		Fast switching	Fast switching 4 C/O contacts	
	S		Mechanical po	Mechanical position indicator	
	Т		Push-to-test-b	Push-to-test-button	
	X		Bipolar LED		R4
	X2		Coil for both D	Coil for both DC and AC	
	X3		Reversed polarity		R4
	X4		Make before b	Make before break contacts	
	X5		Contact gap 2	mm	R4, V, W
	11		Make before break contact		R4, W
Coil voltages	220 V	DC	This is an exa	ample, all voltages on pages 3 & 4	
Keying code (optional, leave blank	if not required)		Standard, silv	ver contacts	
			AS 24 VDC	D 24 VDC, code AS	
Remark: keying codes are availabl	e for all		AT 48 VDC	D 48 VDC, code AT	
possible coil voltages			AU 72 VDC	D 72 VDC, code AU	
			AV 110 VDC	D 110 VDC, code AV	
			Option E, gol	d contacts	
			DT 24 VDC	D-E 24 VDC, code DT	
			HU 48 VDC	D-E 48 VDC, code HU	
			AZ 72 VDC	D-E 72 VDC, code AZ	
			HV 110 VDC	D-E 110 VDC, code HV	
			Option M, silv	ver tin oxide contacts	
			GT 24 VDC	D-M 24 VDC, code GT	
			GU 48 VDC	D-M 48 VDC, code GU	
			GV 72 VDC	D-M 724 VDC, code GV	
			GW 110 VDC	D-M 110 VDC, code GW	

Example: D-BV 220 VDC

Description: D-relay, Unom: 220 VDC, magnetic arc blow-out, wider operation range and ambient temperature

Example: D-CE 24 VDC code DT

Description: D-relay, Unom: 24 VDC, low temperature, gold contacts, keying code DT





For more detailed technical specifications, drawings and ordering information, go to the product page on www.morssmitt.com

Over 11 million Mors Smitt relays in use in applications worldwide!

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